Material Compatible Repair Evaluation



Steve Sachs IRISE ANNUAL MEETING MAY 17, 2023





Research Problem

• Premature failures in partial depth repairs (PDRs)

- Incompatible thermal expansion
- Unequal deformation under traffic loads
- Excessive shrinkage
- Bond failure
- Compressive failure of repair material
- Insufficient consolidation
- Delayed curing



Project Objectives

Assess PDR performance using results from previous IRISE study to develop material compatible repair (MCR) for field project
Use MCR and a standard repair material
Long-term field evaluations of repairs made

Investigate the ability of ultrasonic tomography testing to provide:

reliable information for required partial depth repair dimensions

evaluate bond condition after repair placement



Performance Engineered Repair Mixture

Two main steps toward developing a PERM:

- 1. Identifying the CTE of the in-situ concrete;
- 2. Using appropriate materials and proportioning so:
 - CTE of the PERM and the in-situ concrete are comparable,
 - Drying shrinkage of the PERM is minimized
 - Strength and durability requirements are met



Project Approach

Task A: Project Selection and Evaluation

- □ find suitable PCC rehab project where PDRs are to be performed
- historical construction data and 4 cores from the roadway to evaluate CTE, E, and f'_c
- develop a (Performance Engineered Repair Mixture) PERM for the project using the results from the year one MCR project
- Task B: Ultrasonic Tomography Testing of PCC Pavement Prior to PDR
 - Ultrasonic Tomography testing prior to the repair placement
 - Recommendations for repair dimensions (both horizontal and vertical) of the compared to conventional sounding methods
 - cores from Task A will be used to validate the testing

Project Approach

Task C: Partial Depth Repair Construction

- PERM specified for use on the project along with a standard repair material
- Repairs placed using both mixtures w/ same placement and curing methods for both repairs
- Companion specimens cast with both PERM and standard repair material to measure CTE, E, and f'_c , ε_{repair}



Traditional Repair

Material Compatible Repair

- Applied load
- Change in temperature
- Drying shrinkage

» Elastic modulus, $E_{repair} = E_{existing}$

- ature » Thermal coefficient, $\alpha_{repair} = \alpha_{existing}$
- e » ε_{repair} reduced

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Project Approach

Task D: Performance Monitoring

Repair performance monitored for a period of five-years at a frequency of one observation per year

Task E: Ultrasonic Tomography Testing of Partial Depth Repairs

- Ultrasonic tomography used to evaluate repair strength development and bond between PDR and existing PCC
- Testing will be conducted in all repairs constructed under Task B

Task F: Final Report

Summarize project activities, results, and recommendations

Schedule/Status and Application of Research Results

Tasks A – C complete

- Rehab project on SR 22 in Westmoreland Co selected
 - Section EB between 819 and Hannastown Rd
- Cores obtained and tested, PERM developed
- Ultrasonic tomography testing performed prior to PDR
- Test section constructed May 2022

Monitoring phase of project to begin this summer



Results from year 1 MCR IRISE project being implemented in field trial to assess feasibility

Thanks! PennDOT District 12 & Swank Construction



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